

### Model questions Electromagnetic Engineering (ECC503 & CBCGS-H)

- 1) Find the force between 2C and -1C charges separated by a distance 1m in air (in newton).(2 M)
  - a)  $18 \times 10^9$
  - b)  $-18 \times 10^9$
  - c)  $18 \times 10^{-6}$
  - d)  $-18 \times 10^{-6}$
- 2) A field line and an equi potential surface are(1M)
  - a) always parallel
  - b) always at  $90^\circ$
  - c) inclined at any angle theta
  - d) depends on charge
- 3) A uniform line charge with density 3 uC /m lies along the x axis. What flux crosses a spherical surface centered at the origin with  $r = 3$  m. (2M)
  - a) 3uC
  - b) 6uC
  - c) 9uC
  - d) 0uC
- 4) One of these equations is not Maxwell's equation for a static electromagnetic field (2M)
  - a)  $\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = 0$
  - b)  $\nabla \times \mathbf{D} = 0$
  - c)  $\oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I$
  - d)  $\oint \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = Q$
- 5) What would be the Standing Wave Ratio (SWR) for a line with reflection coefficient equal to 0.16? (2M)
  - a) 1.5
  - b) 2.0
  - c) 1.38
  - d) 0.724
- 6) Standing wave ratio is defined as the (1M)
  - a) Ratio of voltage maxima to voltage minima
  - b) Ratio of current maxima to current minima
  - c) Product of voltage maxima and voltage minima
  - d) Product of current maxima and current minima
- 7) The propagation constant of a wave with attenuation and phase constant given by 3 and 4 respectively is given by (2M)
  - a)  $5 \angle 53.13$
  - b)  $5 \angle 36.86$
  - c)  $5 \angle -53.13$
  - d)  $5 \angle -36.86$

- 8) The magnetic field component of an EM wave propagating through a non magnetic medium ( $\mu=\mu_0$ ),  $H = 25 \sin(2 * 10^8 t + 6x)a_y$  mA/m. What is Direction of Propagation of Wave (1M)
- x Direction
  - x direction
  - y direction
  - y direction
- 9) Calculate Magnetic field at a point 4m in radius due to current in infinite conductor carrying 4 ampere current.(2M)
- 1.59 A/m
  - 0.159 A/m
  - 1.59 A/m
  - 0.59 A/m
- 10) A transmission line has a characteristics impedance of 50 ohm and terminate in a load  $Z_L = 25 + j50$  ohm. Calculate VSWR (2M)
- 4.26
  - 2.0
  - 4.26
  - 0.23
- 11) The ratio of magnitudes of electric field intensity to the magnetic field intensity is regarded as \_\_\_\_\_ (1M)
- Intrinsic Impedance
  - Characteristic Impedance
  - Loss tangent
  - TEM
- 12) Find a flux crossing the plane surface between  $0.5\text{m} < r < 2.5\text{ m}$  and  $B = (20/r) a_\phi$  T.(2M)
- 5.81 Wb
  - 6.44 Wb
  - 2.56 Wb
  - 7.41 Wb
- 13) What would be the depth of penetration for copper at 1MHz frequency with  $\sigma = 5.8 \times 10^7$  mho/m.(2M)
- 107.17 m
  - 66.08m
  - 55.04m
  - 0M
- 14) Determine E at origin due to uniform line charge distribution with  $\rho_l = 3.30\text{nC/m}$  located at  $x=3\text{m}$ ,  $y=4$ . (2M)
- 7.13  $a_x - 9.5a_y$  V/m
  - 8.02 $a_x + 9.5a_y$  V/m
  - 8.02 $a_x - 9.5a_y$  V/m

- d)  $7.13ax + 9.5ay$  V/m
- 15) Calculate charge in the volume defined by  $0 < x < 1$ ,  $0 < y < 1$  and  $0 < z < 1$  m if  $\rho = 30x^2y$  C/m<sup>2</sup>. (2M)
- a)  $5\mu\text{C}$                       b)  $0.5\mu\text{C}$                       c)  $50\mu\text{C}$                       d)  $0.05\mu\text{C}$
- 16)  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$  signifies (2M)
- a) Field is irrotational  
b) Field is solenoidal  
c) Field is not present  
d) Field is not conservative
- 17)  $V = 3x^2 + 3y^2$  Volts .Find Electric Field at (1,1,1) (2M)
- a)  $-6ax - 6ay$  V/m  
b)  $6ax + 6ay$  V/m  
c)  $0.6ax + 0.6ay$  V/m  
d)  $0.6ax + 6ay$  V/m
- 18) In free space region  $x < 0$  has  $\mathbf{E}_1 = 2ax + 5ay - 3az$  V/m. if  $\epsilon_r = 3.6$  then find  $\mathbf{E}_2$  (2M)
- a)  $0.833ax$  V/m  
b)  $10.8ax$  V/m  
c)  $0.833ay$  V/m  
d)  $10.8ay$  V/m
- 19) If  $\mathbf{B} = 0.2 \sin 10^3 t$  az T. Calculate flux crossing circular loop of radius 0.1 m. (2M)
- a)  $6.28 \sin 10^3 t$  az mWb  
b)  $0.8 \sin 10^3 t$  az mWb  
c)  $2.8 \sin 10^3 t$  az mWb  
d)  $7.18 \sin 10^3 t$  az mWb
- 20) The propagation constant of a transmission line with impedance and admittance of 9 and 16 respectively is --- (2M)
- a) 25  
b) 144  
c) 12  
d) 49
- 21) The wavelength of a line with a phase constant of 6.28 units is—(2M)
- a) 2  
b) 1  
c) 0.5  
d) 3.14
- 22) What is the value of characteristics impedance for loss free transmission line? (2M)
- a)  $\sqrt{L/C}$   
b)  $\sqrt{R/C}$   
c)  $\sqrt{LC}$   
d)  $\sqrt{C/L}$
- 23) The reflection coefficient lies in the range of (2M)
- a)  $0 < \tau < 1$

- b)  $-1 < \tau < 1$   
 c)  $1 < \tau < \infty$   
 d)  $0 < \tau < \infty$
- 24) For matched line, the standing wave ratio will be (2M)  
 a) 0  
 b)  $\infty$   
 c) -1  
 d) 1
- 25) Find phase constant of non magnetic material having  $\mu_r = 1$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 8$  and  $\sigma = 0.25$  pS/m, if frequency is 1.6 MHz. (2M)  
 a)  $9.48 \times 10^{-2}$  rad/m  
 b)  $11.35 \times 10^{-2}$  rad/m  
 c)  $7.79 \times 10^{-2}$  rad/m  
 d)  $9.08 \times 10^{-2}$  rad/m
- 26) Calculate Intrinsic impedance for a conducting medium  $\sigma = 58$  MS/m,  $\mu_r = 1$  and at frequency 100 MHz. (2M)  
 a)  $3.7 \times 10^{-3} \angle 45^\circ$  ohm  
 b)  $5.2 \times 10^3 \angle 45^\circ$  ohm  
 c)  $0.7 \times 10^{-3} \angle 45^\circ$  ohm  
 d)  $8.2 \times 10^3 \angle 45^\circ$  ohm
- 27) Intrinsic impedance of a free space is (1M)  
 a) 377 ohm  
 b) 3.77 ohm  
 c) 37.7 ohm  
 d) 33770 ohm
- 28) The Smith chart consists of the  
 a) Constant R and variable X circles  
 b) Variable R and constant X circles  
 c) Constant R and constant X circles  
 d) Variable R and variable X circles
- 29) **The ratio of magnitudes of electric field intensity to the magnetic field intensity is regarded as \_\_\_\_\_**  
 a) Intrinsic Impedance  
 b) Characteristic Impedance  
 c) Loss tangent  
 d) Image impedance
- 30) A plane wave in a nonmagnetic medium has  $E = 50 \sin (10^8 t + 2z)$  ay V/m. Calculate  $\epsilon_r$ . (2M)  
 a) **36**  
 b) 49  
 c) 4  
 d) 81